

Intimations.

DAKIN BROS. OF CHINA, LIMITED.

DISPENSING CHEMISTS.
SELECT MEDICINAL PREPARATIONS.
ASTRINGENTS, DIARRHOEA & CHOLERA
REMEDIES, &c.

DAKIN'S CHOLERA ELIXIR.—A prolonged experience of this epidemic in India, its home and birth-place, has proved beyond all doubt the efficacy of this remedy, which combines in a concentrated form the medicinal agents which have proved most useful in arresting the rapid progress of that fatal malady, and in combating it when developed.

Full directions accompany each bottle. Per bottle, 50 cents, and 25 cents. Per dozen, 5 dollars. Per gross, 45 dollars. The pills are made from an old, well-tried formula, and are most useful in the early stage of an attack. Per bottle, 50 cents.

Dakin's Chlorodyne is Sedative, Anodyne, and Anti-spasmodic. This reliable remedy has long been used throughout the East as a stand-by in Cholera and Diarrhoea. In bottles, 35 cents, 75 cents, 1 dollar, and 2 dollars.

Dr. Rubini's Essence of Camphor.—Valuable for simple Diarrhoea, and in the earlier stages of Dysentery and Cholera. Per bottle, 50 cents.

Fluid Extract of Indian Bael (prepared from the fruit of the *Bael Marmelos*). Of great service in Diarrhoea and Chronic Dysentery. Per bottle, 50 cents.

Dietetic Bael.—A highly agreeable and nutritive diet, particularly recommended in derangement of the digestive organs, looseness, and irritation of the bowels.

This preparation has been in use in India for thirty years, and is there regarded as a specific in Diarrhoea and Dysentery. Per tin, 1 dollar.

DAKIN BROS. OF CHINA, LIMITED,
London, Hongkong, Amoy.
Hongkong, 12th August, 1890.

A. S. WATSON & CO., LD.
ESTABLISHED A.D. 1841.

MANUFACTURERS OF AERATED
WATERS.

Our New Factory has been recently refitted with automatic Steam Machinery of the latest and most approved kind, and we are well able to compete in quality with the best English Makers.

The purest ingredients only are used, and the utmost care and cleanliness are exercised in the manufacture throughout.

**LARGE BOMBAY
"SODAS"**

We continue to supply large bottles as heretofore, free of Extra Charge, to those of our Customers who prefer to have them to the ordinary size.

COAST PORT ORDERS.
Whenever practicable, are despatched by first steamer leaving after receipt of order.
FOR COAST PORTS. Waters are packed and placed on board ship at Hongkong prices, and the full amount allowed for Packages and Empties when received in good order.

Counterfeit Order Books supplied on application.

Our Registered Telegraphic Address is, "DISPENSARY, HONGKONG," and all signed messages addressed thus will receive prompt attention.

The following is a List of Waters always kept ready in Stock:—

PURE AERATED WATERS
SODA WATER
LEMONADE
POTASH WATER
SELTZER WATER
LITHIA WATER
SARSAPARILLA WATER
TONIC WATER
GINGER ALE
GINGERADE.

No Credit given for bottles that look dirty, or greasy, or that appear to have been used for any other purpose than that of Containing Aerated Water, as such bottles are never used again by us.

A. S. WATSON & CO., LIMITED,
Hongkong, China, and Manila.

BIRTHS.
At Shanghai, on the 6th of August, the wife of ALEXANDER HOSIE, H.B.M. Acting Consul, Wenchow, of a son.

At Wuhu, on the 8th instant, the wife of E. MOLLOY, Customs, of a son.—Australian papers please copy.

DEATH.
At Newchwang, on the 23rd July, ALBERT DONNE, son of Arthur L. R. and Hester Smith, aged 11 months and 5 days.

The Hongkong Telegraph
HONGKONG, TUESDAY, AUGUST 12, 1890.

It is thankless work pegging away at abuses which are so ancient that they have almost become entitled to recognition as privileges; but in the light of two or three recent cases in the Supreme Court we feel constrained to once more urge upon the Government the necessity for a thorough investigation of the inner working of the notoriously corrupt and disgracefully incompetent Public Works Department.

For years it has been the subject of general discussion, and we know it is an open secret in the lower official circles of the colony, that the majority of the European subordinates—the men who come into daily contact with the proud Chinese contractors—are venal to an incredible extent—incapable even to those who remember the damaging admissions clearly enough evoked, although winked at and ignored by the bogus Commission specially appointed by Governor Bowen to whitewash our now-absent friend, the late Hon. J. M. Price.

The honor and profit which the Hongkong

Telegraph gained for the trouble taken in exposing the utter rottenness of the Surveyor General's Department, and so compelling a notoriously corrupt Administration to institute an inquiry, were altogether too thin, and airy, and unsubstantial to make it worth our while risking a repetition of a struggle which, in the very unsatisfactory state of the law of libel, might even involve a temporary loss of personal liberty; but we will nevertheless venture to point out one or two cold, hard facts which are sufficiently suggestive in themselves, keeping in mind the soldier's motto—"No names, no pack-drill." Not that we are in any way disinclined to again face the music in a criminal prosecution should the occasion arise, but that time is not yet.

One of the European overseers who lately died in Hongkong, left considerably over \$15,000—a sum very far in excess of what he had actually received as wages during the whole term of his employment in the Department. We know one who left behind him \$75,000 after ten years' "over-seeing" at \$150 per month. Another foreman of works, who sometime since returned from leave, and whose salary all told is \$1,380 per annum, lived at the Hongkong Hotel for a while at the rate, taking the lowest estimate, of about one half more than his monthly salary. He was quite right, of course; he had property—houses, shares, mortgages; he had evidently studied HORACE and obeyed that wise man's dictum, "get money, honestly if you can, but—etc., etc." At the Supreme Court the other week, another foreman in this wonderful Department, a man whose total income is set down at a little under \$1700 a year, sued a debtor on a promissory note under circumstances which, to say the least, were shady. In his evidence this lucky official admitted that he had lent a third party considerable amounts during the last year or two—he did not know exactly how much, and he really could not say how much had been repaid—it might be \$2000, and it might be more or less than that amount. A man who "doesn't know" to a few months' salary what he has been repaid, is certainly a *rara avis*—but then he belongs to the Public "Perks" Department. And report has it that this forgetful individual has a pillow-case full of other promissory notes, and a good many more houses than virtues. And when we point to a clerk in the Department who has more than a "snug" banking account, although his remuneration is only \$1,200 a year, (not to speak of the financial position of one or two absent officials), we have not by any means exhausted the list of suspiciously affluent employees at present under the Hon. S. Brown's jurisdiction. But we will return to the charge before long.

There are several honest overseers in this Department, of course, and we heartily sympathise with them. Men with \$100 a month must find it a hard struggle to refuse the "cumshaws" which the rascally Chinese contractors press on them, and to have to return, as a matter of conscience, the generous contributions towards their Christmas cheer which they see their fellow-employees accepting wholesale. They unfortunately get but little credit for such exceptional honesty. Not very long ago several Chinese contractors were reported to the head of the Department by one man of integrity, for trying to suborn him, and strangely enough, these scoundrels are still employed by the Surveyor-General. Another member of the Department had fourteen turkeys giving a musical entertainment in his back-yard last Christmas—all presents from contractors and other persons who, no doubt, expected some *quid pro quo*. Yet the latter officer is probably as "solid" with his chief as his colleague who was above being bribed.

The fact is that the whole system wants to be thoroughly and carefully investigated and a big "clear-out" commenced. And then, when the Government are satisfied that our allegations regarding the Public Works Department are substantially confirmed, we will enlighten them in respect to one or two other branches of the Service where reform is almost as badly wanted.

TELEGRAMS.

A VERY PRETTY JOB.

LONDON, August 12th.
Sir Leicester Smyth has been appointed Governor of Gibraltar, and the Duke of Connaught replaces him in command at Portsmouth.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

KLAER and Olman's aggregation of animal talent is still amusing good crowds nightly, and a change of programme is promised.

A REGULAR meeting of St. John Lodge, No. 616, S.C., will be held in Freemasons' Hall, Zealand Street, this evening, at 8.30 for 9 o'clock precisely. Visiting brethren are cordially invited.

MESSRS. Adamson, Bell & Co., agents for the Canadian-Pacific Line, inform us that the steamship *Abeyasinda*, from Yokohama, arrived at Vancouver on the 9th inst.

THE *Sinh Pao*, the Chinese newspaper published at Tientsin, has been entrusted to the direction of the Rev. Timothy Richard, by whom it will be conducted as a thoroughly independent paper.

THE great fire at Martinique destroyed twenty streets, containing 1,500 houses, including the treasury, court-house, hospital, post and telegraph offices, cathedral, custom-house, and public library.

A GOLF match will be played on Saturday at 4.15 p.m., Mr. Justice Clarke's Team v. Mr. McEwen and Team. Members wishing to play are requested to send their names to the Hon. Secretary.

At the annual meeting of the Ararat Lodge of Royal Ark Mariners, No. 264, E.C., held last evening, Wor. Bro. P. Basonjee was re-elected Wor. Com. N.; Bro. W. Goulbourne, was elected Treasurer, and Bro. J. R. Grimble re-elected Warder.

OUR Haiphong contemporary reports that a French trader named Lasserre was poisoned by natives at Quang-yen last week. His servant, who is supposed to have put the poison in a cup of coffee, has been arrested, with several suspected accomplices.

We observe that the "war of rates" between the Canadian-Pacific and Pacific Mail Steamship lines, which commenced on the 12th ult., with a drop of 70 per cent. in passage fares, has come to an abrupt conclusion, which doubtless indicates that differences have been satisfactorily adjusted.

A HARD-LOOKING "case" who had had his front teeth knocked down his throat and his jaw broken in a *scuffle*, was docked before Mr. Woodhouse at the Police Court this morning and charged with attempting to steal clothing from a fishing junk anchored off Shau-ki-wan last night. His Worship jailed him for six months.

THE *Hyogo News* of July 29th says:—It is rumored that a syndicate has proposed to take up all the unapplied-for shares in the Hogo Company at par, but the Provisional Directors, having in view, we understand, the great desirability of shares being as widely distributed as possible, prefer to allow the lists to remain open as at present advertised.

THE Band of the Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders will play the following programme at the Officers' Mess, this evening, commencing at 8 o'clock:—

Overture, "The Young Men of the Regiment."
"The Young Men of the Regiment."
"The Young Men of the Regiment."
"The Young Men of the Regiment."
"The Young Men of the Regiment."

THE first meeting of the shareholders of the Shanghai Switchback Company was held on the 10th inst., in the Hotel des Colonies, General Messy presiding, when a first dividend of 10 per cent. on eleven days' working was declared and \$500 carried to the Reserve Fund after paying all expenses. And the Hongkong Switchback, with the bust-up merry-go-round and elephantine horses, has been sold up to pay expenses.

WILLIAM STANTON, Inspector of weights and measures, appeared at the Police Court this morning before Mr. Woodhouse to prosecute a couple of shop-keepers of Wing Lok Street for being in possession of, and using false yard measures by which customers would be defrauded to the extent of at least 10 per cent. The defendants admitted the charge and were sentenced to a fine of \$25 each, the "squeeze" measures being confiscated.

A CONTEMPORARY, as showing the rapid growth in the size of vessels, says that three years ago there was only one steamer in existence, barring the *Great Eastern* which had a tonnage in excess of 4,000 tons net. This vessel was the Cunard line steamer *Aurania* whose tonnage is 4,030 tons net. There are now no less than ten vessels with a tonnage of 6,000 tons, net, and over that sail under the British flag.

ALEXANDER LEBEL, a private of the Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders, who is charged with maliciously causing the death of a punkah coolie, Wellington Barracks on the 31st ult., by kicking him in the abdomen, was again brought before Mr. Woodhouse at the Police Court this morning. His Worship remanded the case until 11 a.m. on Friday, the 15th inst., when the evidence of Dr. Marquis, now absent from the colony, will be forthcoming.

A CORRESPONDENT complains that since the departure, on leave, of Mr. Jameson, a master at the Victoria College, a Chinese teacher, whose pay is \$50 a month, has been drawing \$125, including half of Mr. Jameson's salary. But the work of the absent master is being done by the Chinese teacher, and the "reason" is that the Government cannot draw a junior's half-pay on a very good rule if confined to Europeans, but simply ridiculous when extended to the native staff.

DURING the Franco-Prussian war Bismarck returned one evening to his quarters at Meaux, and found a baby on his bed. A slip of paper said: "My husband died at Sedan; I have no bread." That was September 16, 1870. The Prince reported to the King. "Sir," he said, "now I have had a child left to me." His Majesty replied: "In war times one takes everything, even a child." The boy was sent to Berlin, lodged at Bismarck's charge, and is still in his household.

THE *N. C. Daily News* of the 5th inst. says:—The *Titanic* arrived at Shanghai on Sunday week. Weir the Marine Superintendent of the C.M.S.N. Co., the engineers of the *Fuyin*, and some of the cargo saved from the wreck. The Captain, deck officers, and some of the crew remain at the wreck, and with the divers, are engaged saving what they can. The cargo is deposited on the beach under a guard of soldiers, and as it accumulates, steamers will call and take it away. Messrs. Hopkins, Dunn & Co. will sell the wreck at auction on the 16th inst.

In passing sentence, at the Police Court this morning, of nine months with hard labour and twenty strokes of the rattan on the young wife of Weir the Marine Superintendent of the C.M.S.N. Co., the engineers of the *Fuyin*, and some of the cargo saved from the wreck. The Captain, deck officers, and some of the crew remain at the wreck, and with the divers, are engaged saving what they can. The cargo is deposited on the beach under a guard of soldiers, and as it accumulates, steamers will call and take it away. Messrs. Hopkins, Dunn & Co. will sell the wreck at auction on the 16th inst.

THERE will be a regular meeting of Perseverance Lodge, No. 1165, E.C., held in Freemasons' Hall, Zealand Street, on Saturday, the 10th instant, at 8.30 for 9 p.m. precisely. Visiting brethren are cordially invited.

OUR Shanghai morning contemporary is informed that an office of the Chinese Maritime Customs is to be established forthwith at Chungking, and that Mr. H. E. Hobson—as was surmised when he was appointed to Ichang—will be the first commissioner, Count d'Arnoux replacing him at Ichang, as acting commissioner, and Mr. R. J. Abbott from Shanghai being appointed acting deputy-commissioner at Hankow. An assistant and a Chinese clerk are also being sent from Shanghai to Chungking.

A FRENCH electrician, M. G. A. Tabourin, has invented a novel and practical method of lighting the streets, which will do away with underground mains and permit the rapid extension of electric light throughout Paris without interfering with the gas companies. In this most wondrous proposal each gas lamp is to be furnished at its base with a small rotary gas engine ten inches in diameter with a small dynamo, and these small installations are to supply lamps at the top of the lamp-posts, thus burning gas at the bottom and producing electric light at the top of each post.

OUR friend Colquhoun, of the *Times* and *Tonquin* expeditions, doesn't intend to be left at the bottom of the ladder if energy and a superb check that is really admirable can pull him to the topmost rung. He got "sacked" from the Burmah Commission a few months since for a wilful exhibition of indiscipline, and he now bobs up serenely in South Africa. Says the *Rangoon Times*:—"Mr. A. R. Colquhoun, formerly of the Burmah Commission, is to join an expedition which was to start for Mashonaland some time in July. He is to assume the position of Administrator of the rights and privileges ceded to the British South African Company by the native Chief Lobengula."

CLEMENT SCOTT, the well known dramatic critic, tells a yarn of how, on George Rignold's first London appearance at the old Queen's Theatre, Long Acre, John Oxenford coughed incessantly in a stage box. This was the first time, the conclusion of an act; he came before the curtain and said:—"Ladies and gentlemen, I am extremely sorry, but it is absolutely impossible for me to act until this old gentleman ceases to cough. Either he must cease to cough or I to act. We cannot both occupy the ear of the house." Oxenford left, and the manager, rushing up to Rignold, said: "What have you done? Why, you've sent away the *Times* critic! You'll get no notice." But he did, and Oxenford wrote a very kindly one.

THE Tientsin correspondent of the Shanghai *Mercury* writes on the 25th ult.:—"From Tientsin, the Yellow River has burst its southern banks near Cheng-chow, and has flooded the country for many miles to the south. There are now two gaps in the embankment, one at Lung Wang-miao in Shantung and the other which I have just mentioned, and the water through both is flowing south. The Chinese were quite right when they predicted some time ago, when the Hoangho, the Grand Canal, and the Pehlo were very low, that the dry banks, after their long basking in the sun, would not stand any great rush of water. The banks were in places so dry that they were in powder and were entirely unequal to the strain put upon them last month, when the freshets came down. The Grand Canal between here and the Yellow River has overflowed and burst its banks, and the same thing has happened on the big and small West Rivers, so that Tientsin is now surrounded by water as far as the eye can see, and the road between the City and the Settlement is flooded in some places to a depth of two feet."

A EUROPEAN gentleman who recently died in the North-Western Provinces has left a curious will. He was a man of retiring habits and of a thrifty nature. He was married, but was childless, and has left a widow. He has besides, two nephews who have survived him, as also nephews, the sons of deceased brothers. He has left an estate consisting of nearly a lakh of rupees in cash, besides extensive house property. He has left a will in which provision is made for a monthly payment of Rs. 50 to his widow, on conditions which are remarkable on condition that the widow goes to church every Sunday, leads a moral life, and does not re-marry. Further, the local chaplain is to certify each week that these conditions are being fulfilled before the pension can be paid. The executors to the will are further to exercise a watchfulness over the widow. In the event of the widow failing in any one of the conditions, the pension is to be forfeited. The estate would then, or in the event of the widow's death, be available to the direct heirs at law, though there is no mention made of them in the will, nor is the disposal of the estate provided for in any other manner consequent on the above contingencies.

We read that before Mrs. Hamersley married the Duke of Marlborough she was more than plump. She filled out every crease and wrinkle that nature had bestowed upon her, but when she was a girl she was considerably heavier than the marble of angels' wings, and the slightest exertion distressed her. She consulted an allopathic doctor, who bluntly informed her that Lady Jane "was shadowy by comparison to her possibilities." This revelation horrified the pretty widow, who at once pledged herself to carry out minutely his directions. The treatment began at once, and has been religiously adhered to ever since. Here are some of the restrictions: Not a morsel of bread, cake, rolls, or pastry; no tea, coffee, chocolate, or sweet wine; no potatoes, peas, rice, cream, turnips, macaroni, cheese, butter, cream, custard, jellies, or sweets; not a drop of ice-cream; no warm baths; no flannel, and only enough clothing to keep her from taking cold; no bedroom heat; not a drop of any liquid food at meals. In place of bread she had fruit, a section of apple or orange, some fresh grapes, berries, cherries, or stewed fruit being used where ordinarily one craves a bit of bread or a draught of water. Her diet was limited to two meals a day, breakfast at ten and dinner at seven, with the following bill-of-fare to select from: Hare, lamb, veal, and poultry; soft-boiled eggs, sea-food, toast, lettuce, spinach, celery, cream, and fruit. She had half-a-gallon of hot water to drink every day, with lemon-juice in it to take away the flat taste. Cold water was denied her, and also, frappe, champagne, and claret strictly forbidden. She was even forced to forego the luxury of bathing in water, in place of which she had sponge and vapour baths, every few days. To eat, to drink, to bathe, while no limit was put upon the pleasure of driving or riding, she was asked to select the roughest, rockiest roads, and to walk from five to ten miles a day in the open air. This practice of self-denial the Duchess has persisted in for the last two years, with the result that she is now the handsomest woman of her age in New York society. She weighs about 140 lbs.; her eyes are bright, her complexion is as clear, and as smooth as a school-girl's, she is the carriage of a cadet, and the hands of a girl of fifteen. She has also a husband who is a perfect pig.

THE *Alta California* pertinently remarks:—The Emperor says that Bismarck is a private person, and therefore the Empire cares nothing for his talk. This is a new privilege of privacy. Perhaps had it not been for Bismarck the Emperor might be now a private person himself.

THE Justices of the Supreme Court say a San Francisco contemporary, are not to be blamed if they are vain. All day long they sit upon the grandest throne in the United States surrounded by more show of deference and honor than even the President receives, with theatrical curtains of crimson, silk draped, behind them and a great gold eagle over their heads, with page boys at their elbows, venerable lawyers bowing before them, velvet carpets to hush the fall of feet upon the court-room floor, negro door-keepers watching over noiseless doors, a dim religious light in the semi-circular room, and a never-ceasing throng of awed citizens of this and other lands reverentially staring them out of countenance.

THE verdict of our contemporaries in Tonquin, after the recent experimental trips of the *Yunnan* up the Red River, is that this route to Western China is far ahead of those through Burmah or Southern China. Certainly to get to Lao-kay inside sixty hours, and so reduce the time consumed in reaching the great *entrepot* of Yunnan from nearly two months to less than half of that time, is an achievement which should bring Messrs. Marty and d'Abbadie more substantial returns than the mere decoration of the Legion of Honour. One interesting feature of the trip was the friendly way in which the Chinese authorities treated the expedition, one mandarin even going the length of sending some champagne aboard the little pioneer vessel. On the return to Hanoi the inevitable banquet took place.

We were sorry to observe from late home papers that Lord Sherbrooke, better known as the Rt. Hon. Robert Lowe, was so seriously ill that his recovery was regarded as almost hopeless. "Bob" Lowe was a prominent politician twenty years ago, and was the leading member of the "Adullamites," who proved such a thorn in the side of Disraeli's first Administration. He was Chancellor of the Exchequer and afterwards Home Secretary under Mr. Gladstone from 1863 to 1874 and then retired from active work to the peaceful seclusion of the House of Lords, where he has been practically lost sight of. Mr. Lowe first made his name and his immense wealth in Australia, where he practised as a barrister in New South Wales with distinguished success. A capital story is told of him in this connection. He was retained to defend a well-to-do man on a charge of wilful murder. The case was intricate, and in order to perfect himself Lowe went through a course of anatomical study. At the trial he astounded the surgeons with the extent of his knowledge, and made altogether such a brilliant defence that his client was acquitted. On leaving court the client, beaming with delight, put out his hand to "shake." Bob drew himself up to his full height and frigidly said: "Excuse me, I was paid to defend you and I did, but I consider you guilty all the same."

THE following tea statistics are published under the direction of the Hankow General Chamber of Commerce, under date 4th inst. Business reported since the 23rd ult. is as under:—

1890.	1889.
Settlements to Shanghai on 1st ult.	8,750
Native account	5,800
Stock	2,100

1890.	1889.
Settlements to Shanghai on 1st ult.	4,050
Native account	3,100
Stock	2,000

1890.	1889.
Settlements to Shanghai on 1st ult.	3,750
Native account	2,400
Stock	1,300

1890.	1889.
Settlements to Shanghai on 1st ult.	3,750
Native account	2,400
Stock	1,300

1890.	1889.
Settlements to Shanghai on 1st ult.	3,750
Native account	2,400
Stock	1,300

1890.	1889.
Settlements to Shanghai on 1st ult.	3,750
Native account	2,400
Stock	1,300

1890.	1889.
Settlements to Shanghai on 1st ult.	3,750
Native account	2,400
Stock	1,300

1890.	1889.
Settlements to Shanghai on 1st ult.	3,750
Native account	2,400
Stock	1,300

1890.	1889.
Settlements to Shanghai on 1st ult.	3,750
Native account	2,400
Stock	1,300

1890.	1889.
Settlements to Shanghai on 1st ult.	3,750
Native account	2,400
Stock	1,300

1890.	1889.
Settlements to Shanghai on 1st ult.	3,750
Native account	2,400
Stock	1,300

1890.	1889.
Settlements to Shanghai on 1st ult.	3,750
Native account	2,400
Stock	1,300

1890.	1889.
Settlements to Shanghai on 1st ult.	3,750
Native account	2,400
Stock	1,300

1890.	1889.
Settlements to Shanghai on 1st ult.	3,750
Native account	2,400
Stock	1,300

1890.	1889.
Settlements to Shanghai on 1st ult.	3,750
Native account	2,400
Stock	1,300

1890.	1889.
Settlements to Shanghai on 1st ult.	3,750
Native account	2,400
Stock	1,300

1890.	1889.
Settlements to Shanghai on 1st ult.	3,750
Native account	2,400
Stock	1,300

1890.	1889.
Settlements to Shanghai on 1st ult.	3,750
Native account	2,400
Stock	1,300

1890.	1889.
Settlements to Shanghai on 1st ult.	3,750
Native account	2,400
Stock	1,300

1890.	1889.
Settlements to Shanghai on 1st ult.	3,750
Native account	2,400
Stock	1,300

1890.	1889.
Settlements to Shanghai on 1st ult.	3,750
Native account	2,400
Stock	1,300

1890.	1889.
Settlements to Shanghai on 1st ult.	3,750
Native account	2,400
Stock	1,300

1890.	1889.
Settlements to Shanghai on 1st ult.	3,750
Native account	2,400
Stock	1,300

1890.	1889.
Settlements to Shanghai on 1st ult.	3,750
Native account	2,400
Stock	1,300

1890.	1889.
Settlements to Shanghai on 1st ult.	3,750
Native account	2,400
Stock	1,300

Auctions.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to Sell by Public Auction, on

WEDNESDAY,

the 13th August, 1890, at 3 P.M. sharp, at their Sale-rooms, No. 68, Queen's Road Central.

SUNDY HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,

Comprising—

CRETONE COVERED DRAWING ROOM SUITES, SINGLE AND DOUBLE IRON BEDSTEPS, WHATNOTS, SIDE-IRON, WARDROBES, with glass doors, CHEST OF DRAWERS, MARBLE-TOP WASHSTAND, HATSTANDS, ICE CHESTS, TABLES, WRITING DESKS, CHAIRS, PICTURES, and Sundry other GOODS.

TERMS—Cash on delivery.

APCAR BROTHERS,

Auctioneer.

Hongkong, 9th August, 1890. [1156]

Consignees.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

FROM CALCUTTA, PENANG, AND SINGAPORE.

CONSIGNEES OF CARGO per Steamship

"JAPAN"

are hereby informed that their goods are being landed at their risk into the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company's Godowns at West Point, whence delivery may be obtained.

Cargo remaining undelivered after the 17th inst. will be subject to rent. No Fire Insurance has been effected.

Consignees are hereby informed that all claims must be made before the departure of the steamer, otherwise they will not be entertained.

Bills of Lading will be countersigned by

DAVID SASSOON, SONS & Co.,

Agents.

Hongkong, 10th August, 1890. [1161]

THE CHINA SHIPPERS' MUTUAL STEAM

NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

FROM LONDON, LIVERPOOL, AND SINGAPORE.

THE Company's Steamship

"NINGPOO"

having arrived from above Ports, Consignees of Cargo are hereby informed that their Goods, are being landed at their risk into the Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company, Kowloon, whence delivery may be obtained.

No Claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all claims must be sent in to the Office of the Undersigned before Noon on the 14th instant, or they will not be recognized.

All broken, chafed, and damaged goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on the 14th inst. at 4 P.M.

No Fire Insurance has been effected; and any Goods remaining in the Godowns after the 14th inst. will be subject to rent.

Optional Cargo will be forwarded unless notice to the contrary be given before Noon, TO-DAY, the 8th inst.

Bills of Lading will be countersigned by

ARNHOLD, KARBURG & Co.,

Agents.

Hongkong, 8th August, 1890. [1155]

Insurances.

EXAMPLES OF THE COST

OF ASSURANCE TO A MAN AGED 30

NEXT BIRTHDAY.

STG. payable at death, would

cost per quarter at the rate

of—

£ 6-18 0 (a) If premiums are payable for

whole of life

or £ 9-11 6 (b) If premiums are limited to 20

years

or £ 11-4 6 (c) If premiums are limited to 15

years

or £ 13-0 0 (d) If the Sum Assured is made

payable at age 50, or at

death if previous.

* Secured payments.

The same provisions if commenced at age 40

n. b. would cost respectively (a) £ 8-15 0,

(b) £ 11-5 0, (c) £ 13-2 4, (d) £ 27-8 8 per quarter.

ADAMSON, BELL & Co.,

Agents.

982-4] STANDARD LIFE OFFICE

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, OF 1877

IN HAMBURG.

THE Undersigned having been appointed

Agents for the above Company, are

prepared to ACCEPT RISKS against FIRE

at Current Rates.

REUTER, BROCKELMANN & Co.,

Agents.

Hongkong, 1st July, 1889. [156]

GENERAL LIFE AND FIRE

ASSURANCE COMPANY IN

LONDON.

THE Undersigned having been appointed

Agents for the above Company, are

prepared to ACCEPT RISKS against FIRE

and LIFE at Current Rates.

REUTER, BROCKELMANN & Co.,

Agents.

Hongkong, 1st July, 1889. [157]

NOTICE.

THE MAN ON INSURANCE COMPANY

LIMITED.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED.....\$1,000,000.

The above Company is prepared to accept

MARINE RISKS at CURRENT RATES on GOODS

&c. Policies granted to all Parts of the world

payable at any of its Agencies.

WOO LIN YUEN,

Secretary.

HEAD OFFICE,

No. 2, QUEEN'S ROAD WEST.

Hongkong, 1st February, 1882. [217]

GENERAL NOTICE.

THE ON TAI INSURANCE COMPANY,

(LIMITED).

CAPITAL, TARISS 600,000.} \$933,333-33

RESERVE FUND \$318,000-00.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

LEE SING, Esq. LO YUEN MOON, Esq.

LOU TEO SHUN, Esq.

MANAGER—HO AMEL.

MARINE RISKS on GOODS, &c., taken

at CURRENT RATES to all parts of the

world.

HEAD OFFICE, 2 & 3, PRAYA WEST.

Hongkong, 17th December, 1885. [109]

Intimations.

THE

HIOGO HOTEL COMPANY, LIMITED.

(To be registered in Hongkong as a Limited

Liability Company under "The Companies

Ordinances 1865 to 1886.")

CAPITAL.....\$175,000

Divided into 1,700 Ordinary Shares of \$100

each and 340 Founders' Shares of

\$15 each.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

For the Ordinary Shares—\$25 on application,

\$25 on allotment, \$25 on the 1st September,

1890, and the balance on the 15th Septem-

ber, 1890. The Founders' Shares must be

paid in full upon allotment.

Founders' Shares will be allotted to applicants

for Ordinary Shares in the proportion of one

Founders' Share for every complete five Ordinary

Shares allotted to them.

The Founders' Shares will not be entitled to

participate in a dividend in any year until 10 per

cent per annum has been paid for the year on

the Ordinary Shares. The surplus profits, after

the payment of such dividend and making such

provision for a Reserve Fund as the Directors

shall deem advisable under the provisions of the

Articles of Association, will be divided equally

between the Founders' Shares and the Ordinary

Shares.

In allotting the Shares reserved for the

Founders' Shares, regard will be had to priority of

application.

PROVISIONAL DIRECTORS.

Mr. R. HUGHES. Mr. F. S. GOODISON.

Mr. J. D. CARRUTHERS. Mr. E. H. HUNTER.

Mr. D. B. TAYLOR. Mr. W. E. DRUMMOND.

BANKERS.

THE HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI

BANKING CORPORATION.

SOLICITOR.

MR. J. CREAGH.

BROKERS, AND SECRETARIES (PRO TEM).

Messrs. ABELL & RALSTON.

ABRIDGED PROSPECTUS.

THIS Company is formed for the purpose of

acquiring and carrying on the well-known

and lucrative Hotel business conducted for many

years by the late Mrs. GREEN, and for the past

nine years by Mr. W. G. JOHNSON, who is now

desirous of relinquishing active participation in

the management, but shows his entire confidence

in the prosperity of the Company by becoming a

large holder of Shares.

The property purchased by the Company is as

follows—

A piece of land having a frontage to the Bund

of 246 ft. 6 in. and held in perpetuity from the

Japanese Government at an almost nominal

rental. This ground was the first selection made

when the port was opened to foreign trade, and

carries with it the extremely valuable privilege

to use the beach in front of the land for its entire

length down to low water mark, an advantage

not enjoyed by any lot in the Foreign Concession,

and which effectually secures to the property an

uninterrupted view of the Harbour.

The main building of the Hotel, situated at the

corner of Division Street and the Bund, and in

close proximity to the Hatoba, the usual landing

place for passengers from vessels visiting Kobe.

The building is substantially constructed of stone

and brick, and has recently been repaired and

repainted, and contains spacious Bar and Billiard

Rooms, large Dining Room, Bed Rooms, Wait-

ing Room, and extensive accommodation for

baths, &c.—in short, all the requisites of a first-

class Hotel.

Two houses (two stories) adjoining and con-

nected with the Hotel, each containing six rooms.

One house (two stories) separated from the

Hotel by a mud godown now on the property

acquired by the Company, and containing seven

rooms.

Three mud Godowns, two two-storied

servants' quarters, and ample store-room and

culinary accommodation, hot-water pressure

boiler, &c., &c.

In the rear, and separated from the main build-

ings by a street or lane, are two plots of ground,

one containing 300 taupo more or less, and the

other 132.83 taupo more or less. These prop-

erties are held for terms of years expiring

respectively on the 18th September, 1900, and

the 1st July, 1911, at annual rentals of 180

yen and 77 yen.

These rentals are payable five

years in advance, and the Company will be

entitled to the benefit of any moneys so paid.

On these properties are erected:

One House (three stories), containing twelve

rooms, with bath-rooms and other conveniences.

One House (two stories), containing eight

rooms and similar accommodation.

One House (two stories), containing four rooms,

used for gentlemen's valets.

One House (two stories), containing twelve

rooms, used for servants' quarters.

One House containing four rooms and similarly

utilized.

The newly erected and commodious stables,

containing accommodation for five ponies.

In the stables are five excellent China Ponies,

with new saddles, bridles, and all other requisites

for carrying on a lively stable.

In addition to the foregoing the Company will

acquire without further payment the entire stock

in trade, Wines, Liquors, and Furniture, and

reserve stocks of Wines, Liquors, Bed and Table

Linen, China, Glass Ware, Cutlery, &c., &c.,

belonging to the Hotel, a large supply of which

has recently been procured. There is also

connected with the business a powerful Steam

Launch, built during the present year especially

for the requirements of the Hotel at a cost of

over \$3,500. This launch is well adapted for

picnicking parties, as it contains a lofty cabin capable

of seating 20 persons comfortably, and is designed

so as to withstand stormy weather. The launch

is also included in the purchase.

The Hotel contains for the accommodation of

guests 50 double beds and 5 single beds. All

the rooms are lighted by electricity, and the main

building is fitted for gas in addition.

"The Company will take over the business as

"a going concern" on the 1st October, 1890, and

will therefore be entitled to the profits and be

responsible for the expenses. Competent

observers consider that as a resort for tourists

and residents of India and China compelled to

seek relief from the trying climates of those

countries, the exceptional inducements offered

by Japan have as yet received but little con-

sideration. The steamers of the Company in

parative attention. The steamers of the Company

search of pleasure or health must to a great

extent pass through Kobe, the shipping and

trade of the port is rapidly and steadily increas-

ing, and all these conditions will combine to

influence the Company's business in a satisfac-

tory manner. The vendor's estimate of the profits

of the business as carried on by him shows

when the saving in rent which will be effected

by the Company is considered, a return upon the

share capital of fifteen per cent. The amount

the Directors feel confident will be exceeded by

the increased prosperity of the Hotel under the